

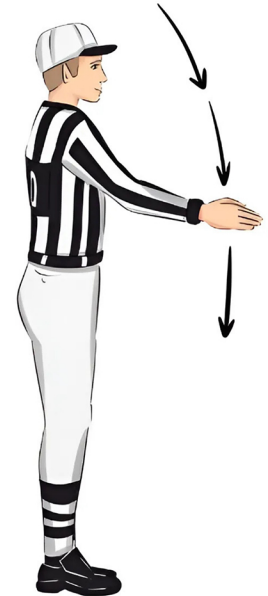
VIOLATIONS

OUT-OF-BOUNDS AND BACKCOURT RULES

In basketball, an **out-of-bounds violation** occurs when a player touches the floor or an object outside of the boundary line. The ball is also out of bounds if it touches a player or object that is out of bounds.

How is an out-of-bounds violation called?

- The opposing team is awarded the ball at the boundary line closest to where the violation occurred.
- In some cases, the ball is returned to the original throw-in spot.



What Is a **Backcourt Violation** in Basketball?
There are two separate ways for the offense to commit a backcourt violation:

1. Not crossing the half court line within 10 seconds

Once inbounded, the offense has 10 seconds to advance the ball from the back court into the front court. This specific violation is called a 10-second violation.

2. The ball is dribbled or passed into the back court after the offense has possessed it in the front court

Once the ball has made it into the front court, the ball cannot be taken back into the back court by the offense unless it is deflected by the defense.

If any part of the ball or player holding the ball comes into contact with the half court line or back court, that is called an over and back violation.

